

ATHLETE BOBBLE**1.0 PT DEDUCTION FOR EACH OCCURRENCE**

EXAMPLES:

- Hand(s) down in tumbling
- Knee(s) down in tumbling or jumps
- Incomplete tumbling twist(s)
 - The landing position of the athlete's feet will be used to determine completion

ATHLETE FALL**2.0 PT DEDUCTION FOR EACH OCCURRENCE**

EXAMPLES:

- Multiple body parts down in tumbling or jumps
- Drops to the floor during individual skills (tumbling, jumps, etc.)

BUILDING BOBBLE**2.0 PT DEDUCTION FOR EACH OCCURRENCE**

EXAMPLES:

- Stunts, tosses and pyramids that almost drop/fall from the intended position (determined or measured by the other stunts being performed simultaneously if applicable), but are saved (includes excessive movement of bases).
- Blatant incomplete twisting cradles (landing on stomach, etc.)
- Knee or hand touching ground during cradle or dismount
- Controlled cradling, dismounting or bringing down a stunt or pyramid early (not timing issues).

BUILDING FALL**3.0 PT DEDUCTION FOR EACH OCCURRENCE**

EXAMPLES:

- Uncontrolled cradling, dismounting or bringing down a stunt or pyramid early (not timing issues). from the intended position (determined or measured by the other stunts being performed simultaneously if applicable).
- Base falling to the floor during a building skill

MAJOR BUILDING FALL**4.0 PT DEDUCTION FOR EACH OCCURRENCE**

EXAMPLES:

- Falls from individual stunt, pyramid or toss to the ground (top person lands on ground or base)

MAXIMUM BUILDING FALLS**5.0 PT DEDUCTION FOR EACH OCCURRENCE**

EXAMPLES:

- When multiple deductions should be assessed during an individual stunt or toss (by a single group), then the sum of those deductions will not be greater than 2.75.

PYRAMID COLLAPSE**6.0 PT DEDUCTION FOR EACH OCCURRENCE**

EXAMPLES:

- When multiple deductions should be assessed within the same pyramid structure/transition (by 2 or more groups), then the sum of those deductions will not be greater than 3.5.



IASF SCORING SYSTEM

SAFETY VIOLATIONS

4.0 PT DEDUCTION FOR EACH OCCURRENCE

SKILL PERFORMED OUT OF LEVEL

4.0 PT DEDUCTION FOR EACH OCCURRENCE

TIME LIMIT VIOLATIONS

1.0 PT DEDUCTION FOR EACH OCCURRENCE

- For example, time limit deductions begin at 2:31.00 if routine time limit is 2:30.00.

BOUNDARY VIOLATIONS

1.0 PT DEDUCTION FOR EACH OCCURRENCE

- An occurrence is defined as BOTH feet off the 42' by 54' performance surface AND any immediate adjacent safety border.
 - Clarification: An athlete must have at least one foot touching the performing surface and/or adjacent safety border to be considered inbounds.